

## STANDARD FOR WHEY POWDERS

*CODEX STAN A-15-1995, Rev. 1-2003, Amd. 2006*

### 1. SCOPE

This Standard applies to Whey Powder and Acid Whey Powder, intended for direct consumption or further processing, in conformity with the description in Section 2 of this Standard.

### 2. DESCRIPTION

**Whey powders** are milk products obtained by drying whey or acid whey.

**Whey** is the fluid milk product obtained during the manufacture of cheese, casein or similar products by separation from the curd after coagulation of milk and/or of products obtained from milk. Coagulation is obtained through the action of, principally, rennet type enzymes.

**Acid whey** is the fluid milk product obtained during the manufacture of cheese, casein or similar products by separation from the curd after coagulation of milk and/or of products obtained from milk. Coagulation is obtained, principally, by acidification.

### 3. ESSENTIAL COMPOSITION AND QUALITY FACTORS

#### 3.1 RAW MATERIALS

Whey or acid whey.

#### 3.2 PERMITTED INGREDIENTS

Seed lactose<sup>1</sup> in the manufacture of pre-crystallized whey powder.

#### 3.3 COMPOSITION

##### Whey Powder:

Criteria:	Minimum content	Reference content	Maximum content
Lactose <sup>(a)</sup>	n.s.	61.0% (m/m)	n.s.
Milk protein <sup>(b)</sup>	10.0% (m/m)	n.s.	n.s.
Milk fat	n.s.	2.0% (m/m)	n.s.
Water <sup>(c)</sup>	n.s.	n.s.	5.0% (m/m)
Ash	n.s.	n.s.	9.5% (m/m)
pH (in 10% solution)*	> 5.1	n.s.	n.s.

\* or titratable acidity (calculated as lactic acid) <0.35%

##### Acid whey powder:

Criteria:	Minimum content	Reference content	Maximum content
Lactose <sup>(a)</sup>	n.s.	61.0% (m/m)	n.s.
Milk protein <sup>(b)</sup>	7.0% (m/m)	n.s.	n.s.
Milk fat	n.s.	2.0% (m/m)	n.s.
Water <sup>(c)</sup>	n.s.	n.s.	4.5% (m/m)
Ash	n.s.	n.s.	15.0% (m/m)
pH (in 10% solution) *	n.s.	n.s.	≥ 5.1

\* or titratable acidity (calculated as lactic acid) ≥ 0.35%

(a) Although the products may contain both anhydrous lactose and lactose monohydrate, the lactose content is expressed as anhydrous lactose. 100 parts of lactose monohydrate contain 95 parts of anhydrous lactose.

(b) Protein content is 6.38 multiplied by the total Kjeldahl nitrogen determined.

(c) The water content does not include water of crystallization of the lactose.

<sup>1</sup> For specification, see relevant Codex Standard.

In accordance with the provision of section 4.3.3 of the General Standard for the Use of Dairy Terms, whey powders may be modified in composition to meet the desired end-product composition, for instance, neutralization or demineralization. However, compositional modifications beyond the minima or maxima specified above for milk protein and water are not considered to be in compliance with the Section 4.3.3.

#### **4. FOOD ADDITIVES**

Food additives listed in Tables 1 and 2 of the Codex General Standard for Food Additives (CODEX STAN 192-1995) in Food Category 01.8.2 (Dried whey and whey products, excluding whey cheese) may be used in foods subject to this standard.

#### **5. CONTAMINANTS**

The products covered by this Standard shall comply with the maximum limits for contaminants and the maximum residue limits for pesticides and veterinary drugs established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission.

#### **6. HYGIENE**

It is recommended that the products covered by the provisions of this standard be prepared and handled in accordance with the appropriate sections of the Recommended International Code of Practice – General Principles of Food Hygiene (CAC/RCP 1-1969), the Code of Hygienic Practice for Milk and Milk Products (CAC/RCP 57-2004) and other relevant Codex texts such as Codes of Hygienic Practice and Codes of Practice. The products should comply with any microbiological criteria established in accordance with the Principles for the Establishment and Application of Microbiological Criteria for Foods (CAC/GL 21-1997).

#### **7. LABELLING**

In addition to the provisions of the Codex General Standard for the Labelling of Prepackaged Foods (CODEX STAN 1-1985) and the General Standard for the Use of Dairy Terms (CODEX STAN 206-1999), the following specific provisions apply:

##### **7.1 NAME OF THE FOOD**

The name of the food shall be:

Whey powder	According to the definitions in section 2 and compositions
Acid whey powder	as specified in Section 3.3.

The designation of products in which the fat and/or lactose contents are below or above the reference content levels specified in Section 3.3 of this Standard shall be accompanied by an appropriate qualification describing the modification made or the lactose and/or fat content, respectively, either as part of the name or in a prominent position in the same field of vision.

The term “sweet” may accompany the name of whey powder, provided that the whey powder meets the following compositional criteria:

minimum lactose:	65%
minimum protein:	11%
maximum ash:	8.5%
pH (10% solution)*:	>6

\* or titratable acidity of maximum 0.16% (calculated as lactic acid)

##### **7.2 LABELLING OF NON-RETAIL CONTAINERS**

Information required in Section 7 of this Standard and Sections 4.1 to 4.8 of the General Standard for the Labelling of Prepackaged Foods (CODEX STAN 1-1985) and, if necessary, storage instructions, shall be given either on the container or in accompanying documents, except that the name of the product, lot identification and the name and address of the manufacturer or packer shall appear on the container. However, lot identification and the name and address of the manufacturer or packer may be replaced by an identification mark, provided that such mark is clearly identifiable with the accompanying documents.

**8. METHODS OF SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS**

See CODEX STAN 234-1999.